

TECHNICAL DATASHEET

1915

(Resin 1913 + Hardener1914)

Description

1915 is suitable for bonding of metals like aluminium, steel, brass and its alloys as well as ferrite and a wide range of plastics and combinations of those materials.

It is a two-component system and cures after mixing into a dry, high-strength and impact resisting polymer film. The best mixture-ratio is 1:1 (volume) and is obtainable without problems by using the common double-cartridges.

Advantages

- Fast curing means short fixture times and reliable, complete curing
- Resists against impacts as well as against peeling
- Tolerant to mixing ratio deviation
- Free of solvents, 100% reactive substance

Physical properties (liquid product) Chemical base Curing System Mixing ratio by volume			Modified methacrylate 2-component-system 1 : 1 (Resin 1913 : Hardener 1914)
Shelf life			6 months at ≤ 25°C
Colour	Resin Hardener Mixture	1913 1914	Off-white translucent Dark blue-green Brown
Viscosity	Brookfield RVT, Sp.6, 25°C, 20 rpm		13'000 – 17'000 mPa•s (slightly thixotropic)
Density	Resin Hardener	1913 1914	~ 1.04 g/cm³ ~ 1.05 g/cm³

BONDING + SEALING + ENCAPSULATION



Curing properties
Pot life at 23°C
Fixture time at 23°C (>1 N/mm ²)
Function time at 23°C (>10 N/mm ²)
Final strength at 23°C

1 - 4 minutes ~ 4 minutes ~ 13 minutes ~ 12 hours

Strength-build up Tensile shear strength at 23°C (EN 1465)



Physical properties (cured product) Thermal range

- 50 °C up to 150 °C

Tensile shear strength at mentioned temperatures on steel-plates, corundum-blasted; after 1 hour at mentioned test temperature (EN 1465)



BONDING + SEALING + ENCAPSULATION



Glass transition point Tg (DS	~ 119°C			
Shore D hardness (DIN EN IS	~ 80			
Tensile strength (ISO 527-2/1	~ 34 N/mm²			
Elongation at break (ISO 527-	·2/1A)	~ 7 %		
E-Modulus (bending; DIN EN after 24 hours at 23°C	ISO 178)	~ 1'200 N/mm²		
Tensile shear strength acc. to DIN EN 1465 Curing and test temperature: 23 °C; metals and composites corundum blasted / plastics cleaned				
Stainless steel	$\sim 33 \text{ N/MM}^2$ $\sim 36 \text{ N/mm}^2$			
Aluminium	~ 38 N/mm ²			
Brass	~ 29 N/mm²			
Copper	~ 23 N/mm²			
GFRP Epoxy	~ 17 N/mm ²			
CFRP	$\sim 22 \text{ N/mm}^2$ (partly fibre tear)			
ABS PVC (bard)	$\sim 3 \text{ N/IIIII}^2$ (Material failure) $\sim 4 \text{ N/mm}^2$ (Material failure)			
Comparative Tracking Index	(CTI)	600		
Dielectric constant (ϵ)	at 50 Hz, 23 °C	~ 4.0		
	at 0.1 MHz, 23 °C	~ 3.0		
Breakdown voltage		~ 30 kV/mm		
Volume resistivity		> 10 ¹⁴ Ω•cm		
Surface resistivity	> 10 ¹⁴ Ω			

Precautions

For your own safety, please refer to the information of the concerned MSDS and for the correct handling the "user instructions".

The information in this data sheet is based on the results of our research and experience. However, the suggestions herein concerning the use, application, and processing of the products (collectively, "the methods") **are non-binding recommendations only.** It is the user's sole responsibility to determine the suitability and safety of these methods, based on the user's particular purpose in using the products. Before relying on the reliability and safety of any parts that are bonded using the products, it is extremely important that the user test the reliability and safety of the parts that are bonded. Failure to do so could result in serious personal injury. Because of the use of the products are within the purchaser's sole control, Kisling Corporation specifically disclaims all warranties, express or implied, including warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, arising from the sale or use of the products described herein. Kisling Corporation specifically disclaims any liability for consequential, incidental, or other damages of any kind, including lost profits. Kisling Corporation's liability for damages shall not exceed the purchase price of the products used.

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